# 2010 Illinois Sustainable School Symposium



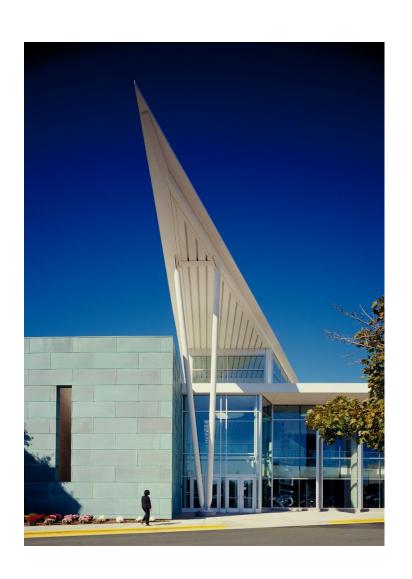
Adlai E. Stevenson High School April 9, 2010

#### Adlai E. Stevenson High School

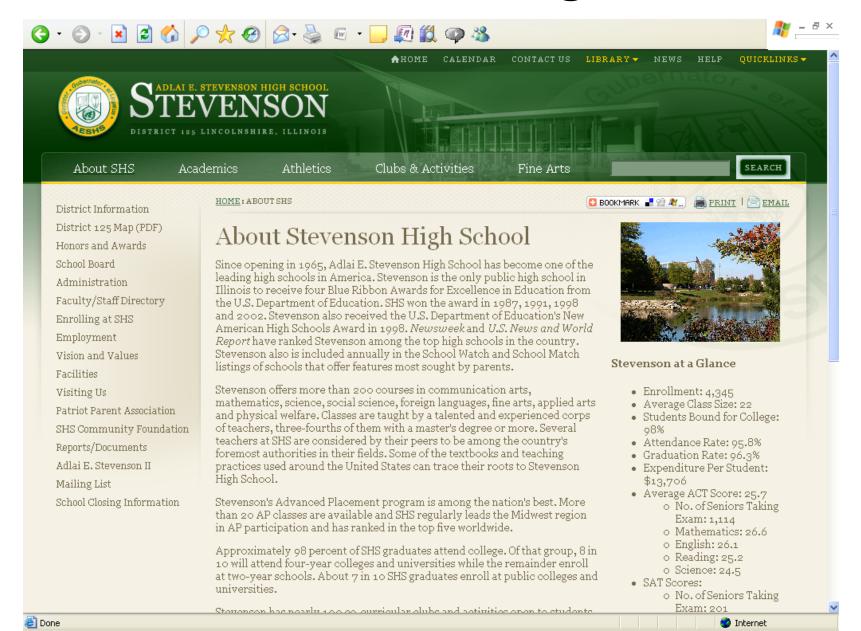
Merv Roberts, Board of Education – Introduction

Jason Carlson, Environmental Science Teacher – Curriculum & Learning

Stuart Brosdsky, OWP/P-Cannon Design – LEED AP



### Adlai E. Stevenson High School



#### History of Green Initiatives

- Energy Star Award
  - 2001 rating of 79 for 1993 instruction of 300,000 ft.<sup>2</sup>
  - 2010 rating of 79 for the entire facility of 833,000 ft.<sup>2</sup>





### Stevenson High School Green Committee

- Creation of Green Committee
  - Developed Mission, Vision & Values



- Considered LEED vs Carbon Management
  - The decision was made to compute a carbon footprint to establish a baseline for future years.
  - The following year the district established a Carbon Management Plan.
- Developed Green Goals



### Stevenson High School Green Mission Statement

 Promote life-long learning for students, staff and community members to enable effective decision-making in the use and preservation of natural resources.





### Stevenson High School 2007-08 Carbon Footprint

Gubernatoren Legatus -PESHS

Total Carbon - 15,289 CDE's
 CDE's = Carbon Dioxide Equivalents
 "Green House Gases"

#### • Breakdown:

<ul> <li>Purchased Electricity</li> </ul>	5,925 tons 38.7%
<ul><li>Transportation</li></ul>	4,217 tons 27.5%
<ul> <li>Solid Waste Management</li> </ul>	2,687 tons 17.5%
<ul> <li>Purchased Natural Gas</li> </ul>	2,393 tons 15.6%
<ul><li>Miscellaneous</li></ul>	74 tons .5%



#### Stevenson High School Green Goals

- 1) Increase awareness and participation in Green Initiatives
- 2) Reduce **Kilowatts** by 5% per year
- 3) Increase recycled waste content by 50% in the next year
- 4) Reduce paper usage and the copies made by 10% next year
- 5) Reduce **natural gas** usage by 5% next year
- 6) Reduce fossil fuel vehicles on campus by 10% next year

### Stevenson High School Some Early Successes

**New Recycling System** 



## Stevenson High School Some Early Successes



Composting of Yard Waste – 365 days a year process.

It is estimated that 27 yards of organic material was composted by the Grounds Crew during 2009.

# Stevenson High School Some Early Successes



During the summer of 2009, it is estimated that the District collected over 6,000 gallons of rain water.

Reclamation of Rainwater



## Stevenson High School Some Early Successes

Reduced salt used on sidewalks / stairs by 47% by using beet juice.

Retrofit of a 15-year-old sprayer.



### Stevenson High School

Sustainability

–Responsibility





Accountability

 You cannot manage until you can measure

#### But it's really about accountability



 What can we do to reduce, recycle reuse?

- Electric?
- Transportation?
- Waste Stream?
- Natural Gas?

#### Stevenson's Electric Usage

 Stevenson uses 10,000,000 kilowatt-hours per year

Equivalent to 695 homes using 1,200kwhr/month

Equivalent to a community of 2,800 people





#### Stevenson's Electric Usage

- Efforts to reduce Stevenson's Electric Usage
  - 1995 Smart Building Technologies
  - 1997 Co-Generation Plant / Peaker Plant
  - 1999 Variable Frequency Drive upgrades
  - 2000 AHU / RTU Replacements
  - 2002 West Building Lighting Upgrades
    - T12's to T8's
    - SportCenter 1,000 watt to 400 watt
    - Fieldhouse 1,000 watt to 400 watt
  - 2004 Boiler Replacement
  - 2008 Lighting Upgrades
  - 2009 Sub-metering of Electrical system.





#### Stevenson's Transportation





- Stevenson is an organization of 5,000 people – 4,400 students and 600 adults
  - 3,300 ride the bus (55 buses at 60 kids)
  - 600 adults come onto campus daily
  - 1,100 students drive or get rides

- Actual vehicle count: 4,971 cars per day!
- Opportunites!

#### Stevenson's Transportation

- Encourage alternative forms of transportation
  - Take the bus parking permits
  - Shuttle to and from train station
  - Bike to school week incentives

Preferred Parking for car pools



320 of Solid Waste per year

- Recycling:
  - 100 tons in 2008-09 32%

• 2009-2010 Goal = 150 tons



- Estimated 43 tons of Kitchen waste that could be composted.
- Yard Waste 27 cubic yards are composted.

Vermi Composting - Foods Lab is using vermi composting to grow vegetables.

- Reduce paper use by 10%:
  - **25,000,000** copies per year
  - 5,000 boxes of paper
  - **5,000** sheets of paper per person
  - 125 tons of paper per year
  - It takes 17 trees to make a ton of paper.
    - Stevenson uses 2,125 trees every year.



- Waste Stream Audit
  - 60 70 % Recyclables
  - Dual Stream Recycling
  - Cardboard Baler 2010 DECO Application
  - Partnering with Feeder Districts
  - Compostable Serving Ware
- Paper Reduction
  - Board Doc's
  - Minuteman Magazine
  - On-line Registration
  - On-line grading
  - Scanning, Scan to e-mail
  - Multifunction Devices Duplex default



#### Stevenson's Natural Gas Usage

 Stevenson burns about 332,000 natural gas therms per year.

Equivalent to 217 homes using 127.50 therms/month

 Equivalent to a community of 868 people



#### Stevenson's Natural Gas

 We're working with our HVAC provider to drill down our Natural Gas usage.

- Smart Building Technologies Metasys
- Developing and monitoring comfort set points
- Continuous Commissioning through Facility
   Performance Indexing.

#### Stevenson High School

Jason Carlson, Environmental Science Teacher

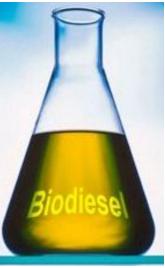


# Stevenson High School Co-Curricular Opportunities

- A History of Green
  - SAVE
  - Club Dirt
  - Green Team
  - Recycle Week
  - Earth Week
  - Youth & Government











# Stevenson High School Academic Opportunities

- Going Green has provided many new and exciting learning opportunities
  - -Green Roof Installation
  - Installation of Photovoltaic Panels
  - Purchase of Prius for Drivers Education
  - Participation in LEED Certification
  - Creation of Net Zero Classroom

### Stevenson High School 2007-08 Green Roof















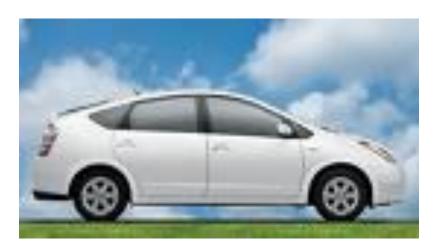
### Stevenson High School 2008-09 Photovoltaic System





### Stevenson High School 2009-10 Purchase of Prius

- Greening of All Departments
  - Drivers Education
    - Learning about alternatives to fossil fuel vehicles
    - Opportunity to discuss types of hybrid vehicles
    - Opportunity to learn about miles per gallon comparisons



### Stevenson High School 2009-10 LEED Certification

- Curriculum and Education Goals
  - Participation on all LEED Committees
    - 1. Site Management
    - 2. Purchasing & Procurement
    - 3. Mechanical Systems
    - 4. Green Cleaning
  - 2. Water Flow Study
  - 3. Light Meter Readings
  - 4. Comfort Survey
  - 5. Transportation Survey
- Key to whole process is to provide learning opportunities.

#### Requirements

Demonstrate that at least 15% of the precipitation which falls on the site for the 2-year, 24-hour storm event is infiltrated and/or collected for reuse.

The easiest way to document compliance is by providing a stormwater assessment report. If this is not available, then stormwater calculations must be provided as follows:

First, determine the volume of runoff from the site:

Determine the 2-year, 24-hour storm rainfall intensity (inches per hour), and the areas and surface types of each unique surface covering the site (excluding surface water). The provided spreadsheet calculator may be used.

#### Q=CiA

Where Q = peak runoff rate (cubic feet per second) C=runoff coefficient i=rainfall intensity (inches per hour)

Second, determine the amount of runoff mitigated by storage in retention facilities. The amount of runoff reduced by a retention facility is based on its storage volume, the rate at which it is emptied, and the interval between storm events.

1. Determine the amount of captured runoff

Vr (cubic feet) = (P)(Rv)(A)/12"

Where Vr = volume of captured runoff
P=average rainfall event (inches)
Rv = 0.05+(0.009)(I) where I=percentage impervious of collection surface
A=area of collection surface (square feet)

Assess the minimum drawdown rate necessary to empty the pond before the next rainfall:

Qr (cubic feet per second) =

Retention Capacity (cubic feet)/Rainfall Event Interval (seconds)

Where Qr = minimum drawdown rate to empty before next storm event

If actual drawdown rate is less than the minimum (in other words, if the retention facility is not typically emptied between storm events) the volume of runoff presumed to be mitigated by collection in retention facility must be reduced. accordingly.

#### After all, isn't it about the students?



Increasing awareness and participation starts with curriculum

## Stevenson High School 2009-2010 FMP Pilot Program



- Incorporate Green Initiatives into FMP Program
  - 1. Light Bulbs
  - 2. Cars
  - 3. Recycling
  - 4. Water Bottles
  - 5. Landscaping
  - 6. Biodiversity
  - 7. Energy



### Content Area Curriculum Home energy project

### Initiatives require directors to document how the mission is being met within each division.

#### **APES Home Energy Project**

We have been discussing electricity generation and the benefits of increasing the efficiency with which we use energy. While learning about all this in class is great, it really doesn't mean anything unless you apply these lessons in your life outside of class.

With that in mind, I have a job for you. I would like you to improve the energy efficiency of your home. You may do this in one of several ways. You may choose from one of the following projects (or another that you think of and clear with me). For ideas go to EnergyStar at: http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=home\_improvement.hm\_improvement\_index

- 1. Purchase and install at least 5 energy efficient light bulbs (fluorescent or LED).
- 2. Purchase and install a water heater blanket.
- Improve the efficiency of your doors and/or windows by purchasing and installing weather-stripping, window insulation, and/or caulk.
- Improve the efficiency of your heating system by ducttaping/caulking leaks in the ductwork or insulating the ductwork.
- 5. Reduce your energy demand by installing a programmable thermostat.
- 6. Install insulated switch plates for electric sockets or light switches on all external wall outlets.

For whichever project you choose you must complete the following tasks:

- 1. Take pictures of the installation
- 2. Write a narrative describing the process of purchasing and installing the equipment.
- Provide calculations (get electricity/gas prices from recent bill) along with a description of the assumptions you made. Many numbers require some guesing. Make educated guesses and explain.
  - a. Energy & monetary cost of current system per year.
  - Energy & monetary cost of new, more efficient system per year (excluding purchase and installation costs).
  - c. Annual energy and money savings with new system
  - d. With purchase and installation costs of new system included, how long will it take to recoup the costs of the new system?
- 4. Provide a copy of the receipt from the purchase of the materials.





This entire project will be due Tuesday, March 2nd. It is worth 30 points.

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